(Pages: 4)
Name.
Reg. No.

SECOND SEMESTER B.A./B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2020 (CBCSS-UG)<br>B.C.A.<br>BCA 2C 04-OPERATIONS RESEARCH<br>(2019 Admissions)

Time : Two Hours
Maximum : 60 Marks

## Section A (Short Answer Type Questions) <br> Answer all the questions. <br> Each question carries maximum of 2 marks. <br> Ceiling 20 marks.

1. Write any two applications of OR ?
2. What do you mean by an objective function of an LPP ?
3. What are the basic assumptions of a LPP ?
4. What do you mean by an artificial variable?
5. What do you mean by basic feasible solution of a Transportation problem?
6. What are Assignment problems ?
7. Define Travelling salesman problem.
8. What do you mean by Degeneracy in a TP ?
9. What is network analysis ?
10. What is meant by a Critical path ? Why should we know which activities are critical ?
11. What is dummy activity?
12. Distinguish between 'Slack' and 'float'.

## Section B (Short Essay Type Questions)

Answer all the questions.
Each question carries 5 marks.
Ceiling 30 marks.
13. What are the limitations of OR ?
14. Solve Graphically :

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Maximize }=3 x_{1}+5 x_{2} \\
& \text { subjected to : } x_{1}+2 x_{2} \leq 2,000 \\
& x_{1}+x_{2} \leq 1,500 \\
& x_{2} \leq 600 \\
& x_{1}, x_{2} \geq 0
\end{aligned}
$$

15. A manufacturer of furniture makes two products, chairs and tables. Processing of these products is done on two machines $A$ and $B$. A chair requires 2 hours on machine $A$ and 6 hours on machine $B$. A table requires 5 hours on machine and no time on machine $B$. There are 16 hours of time per day available on machine A and 30 hours on machine B. Profit gained by the manufacturer from a chair is Re. 1 and from a table is Rs. 5 respectively. Formulate the problem into a LPP in order to maximise the total profit?
16. Find the initial solution of the following TP by using Lowest cost entry method :

|  | $\mathrm{D}_{1}$ | $\mathrm{D}_{2}$ | $\mathrm{D}_{3}$ | Supply |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{O}_{1}$ | 2 | 7 | 4 | 5 |
| $\mathrm{O}_{2}$ | 3 | 3 | 1 | 8 |
| $\mathrm{O}_{3}$ | 5 | 4 | 7 | 7 |
| $\mathrm{O}_{4}$ | 1 | 6 | 2 | 14 |
| Demand $\cdot$ | 7 | 9 | 18 |  |

17. Find the optimal solution to the following Assignment problem showing the cost for assigning workers to jobs :

Workers $\left[\begin{array}{rrr}x & y & z \\ 18 & 17 & 16 \\ 15 & 13 & 14 \\ 19 & 20 & 21\end{array}\right]$.

